



Health Care Cleaning and Sanitation Procedures Module

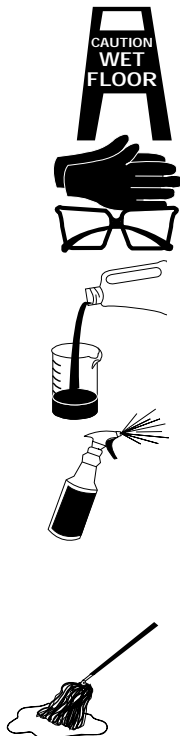
Whirlpools



A. Materials Requirement Planning (MRP)

- a. Measuring cup
- b. Trigger sprayer
- c. Soft scrub pad
- d. Clean cloths
- e. Gloves
- f. Wet mop and handle
- g. Wet mop bucket with wringer
- h. Sanitizer/Virucidal Disinfectant
- i. Germicidal Cleaner
- j. Hospital Disinfectant

B. Whirlpool sanitation procedure



- 1) Place proper room "Closed for Cleaning" sign
- 2) Obtain and wear proper PPE (Personal Protective Equipment)
- 3) If whirlpool has not been drained for cleaning, do so now.
- 4) Fill whirlpool with new water. Bring water line $\frac{1}{2}$ " above water intake orifice.
 - a. Dilute sanitizer in the water according to manufacturer's directions on label.
 - b. Turn on whirlpool for 30 seconds, allowing sanitizer solution to circulate through the self-contained plumbing. Turn off pump.
 - c. Allow sanitizer solution to stand for at least 10 minutes of contact time before draining.
 - d. Evacuate the sanitizer solution.
- 5) Disinfect the following areas with a disinfectant cleaner and a soft scrub pad if needed:
 - a. Handrails, steps, faucets
 - b. Patient assistant devices
 - c. Sides of whirlpool
- 6) Rinse all surfaces with clear water.
- 7) Wipe dry with a clean cloth.
- 8) Damp mop floor around whirlpool to prevent slip hazards.
- 9) Remove safety gear, but do not remove safety sign until floor is dry.
- 10) Replace all cleaning supplies and take refuse to proper location.
- 11) If heavy scum, rust or hard water stains exist, you may choose to utilize a mild acidulous cleaner to remove such deposits. After the acidulous wash, rinse with water and follow with steps 4 - 10 above.